

Appendix 16.1: Inventory of Terrestrial Cultural Heritage

This Pale has been intentionally left shark

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH-	20th century	Grave of DS Kalinin, Hero of the Soviet Union (1910-1943).	National Monument No:	
01		Condition: Located in a commanding location above the cliffs at the side of the main coastal highway to the south of Varvarovka. Monument (erected in 1958) is in two parts, separated by a paved open space. On the southern side of the paved area is a large vertical plinth with a frieze of soldiers on one side and an inscription on the other.	383	
RU- TCH- 02	Antiquity to medieval	Burial mound (<i>kurgan</i>). Circular burial mound measuring 29 m in diameter and 2.97 m high. The centre has been robbed. The perimeter of monument protection extends 125 m from the edge of the monument.	National Monument No: 363	
RU- TCH- 03	Antiquity	Varvarovka-1 settlement. Area 35038.8 m ² . Proposed protective perimeter 500 m from the edge of the monument. Has been tested by excavation of nine test pits in 2011, which recovered pottery sherds (vessel and storage jar (pithoi)) and fired clay. Occupation strata destroyed by vineyard ploughing, surviving only where cut into bedrock.	Undesignated, area of unstratified (redeposited) cultural layers	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 04	Bronze Age to early Middle Ages	Varvarovka-2 settlement. Area 59857.2 m². Western part of settlement used for old vineyards, eastern and southern parts new vineyards, and part of the northeast is used as Varvarovka village cemetery. Proposed protective perimeter 500 m from the edge of the monument. Has been tested by excavation of six test pits in 2011, which recovered pottery vessel, drinking cup (diota) and storage jar (pithoi) sherds from topsoil and ploughsoil. One possible oven or kiln was identified. Occupation strata destroyed by vineyard ploughing, surviving only where cut into bedrock.	Undesignated, area of unstratified (redeposited) cultural layers	
RU- TCH- 05	Bronze Age to early Middle Ages	Varvarovka-3 settlement. Area 9251.2 m ² . Western part of settlement used for old vineyards, eastern and southern parts new vineyards. Proposed protective perimeter 500 m from the edge of the monument. Has been tested by excavation of three test pits in 2011, which recovered pottery vessel and storage jar (pithoi) sherds from topsoil and ploughsoil. Occupation strata destroyed by vineyard ploughing, surviving only where cut into bedrock.	Undesignated, area of unstratified (redeposited) cultural layers	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 06	Medieval, post- medieval, modern	Varvarovka, village cemetery (within Site RU-ARCH-04), Armenian and Russian cemetery. This cemetery lies to the east of the village, close to vineyards. The cemetery is extensive and divided into family plots.	National Monument No: 380	
		Includes the common grave of Soviet soldiers and civilians killed in the fighting and executed by the fascist invaders, the years 1942 – 1943 (National Monument No. 380).		
RU- TCH- 07	20th century	Varvarovka, Armenian cemetery. This cemetery lies at the intersection of a main and minor road on the northern side of Varvarovka village. The cemetery is extensive and divided into family plots.	Uncertain	
RU- TCH- 08	Modern	Varvarovka, Russian Orthodox church under construction. The current church is a simple structure, which is in the process of being supplemented by a much larger and more ornate building. Both buildings are set back from the road up a track.	Uncertain	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 09	20th century	Varvarovka, monument and a memorial to local people killed during the Great Patriotic War.	National Monument No. 381 & 382	
		1) Obelisk to countrymen who died in the Great Patriotic War, erected 1975, Varvarovka, str. Kalinina, 79, at the Agricultural company "Caucasus" (National Monument No. 382). The monument comprises a statue of a single soldier standing alongside a woman holding an infant on a large raised plinth.		
		2) The common grave of Soviet marines and villagers killed and executed by the fascist invaders, the years 1942 – 1943, Varvarovka, The club (National Monument No. 381). Commemorates two separate events: 16 villagers were killed in December 1942 by German forces; and Captain Kalinin's Russian landing party that engaged German forces in May 1943.		
RU- TCH- 10	20th century	Gai Kodzor Armenian Church and Cemetery. This church and cemetery are located high above Gai Kodzor village in hilly woodland. The cemetery memorial chapel is a simple structure. The cemetery is extensive and contains numerous family plots. It also contains the an orange brick building, Surb Samvel, built in 1996 by Valery Hayrapetyan in memory of his son (Ref. 16.119).	Uncertain	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 11	20th century	Gai Kodzor war memorials commemorating residents killed in during the Great Patriotic War. The monument is in two parts both of which are close to the street frontage separated by a large public building ("House of Culture") to the rear.	National Monument No. 390 & 391	
		1) Mass grave of villagers who were executed by the Nazi invaders and Soviet soldiers who fell in battle, the years 1942 – 1943, Gai Kodzor, str. Shaumyan, 75, at the House of Culture (National Monument No. 391).		
		2) Obelisk and fellow Soviet soldiers killed during the Great Patriotic War, erected 1975, Gai-Kodzor, str. Shaumyan, 75, at the House of Culture (National Monument No. 390).		
RU- TCH- 12	Modern	Gai Kodzor Armenian Apostolic Church (Church of St Sarkis (Sergius)). The church, built in 1997, is a single red brick cell with a khachkar cross stone (RU-TCH-13). The construction of a much larger and more ornate building began in 2008; its façade is being built in volcanic tuff brought from Armenia.	Uncertain	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 13	Modern	Gai Kodzor Armenian khachkar cross stone. The khachkar or Armenian cross-stone was carved by Armenian sculptor and stonemason Sergei Danilyan, brought from Armenia and erected in 1992. It depicts two phoenix birds, symbolizing the friendship between the Armenian and Russian peoples. A festival is held at the khachkar in the last week of every May.	Uncertain	
RU- TCH- 14	Uncertain date	St. Barbara's Source, Varvarovka. Natural spring reputed to have healing powers. Focus of annual procession and ceremonies on the Feast of Theophany, 19 January.	Uncertain	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 15	Modern	Cross, Supsekh. Large, landmark concrete cross built on top of hill overlooking Supsekh in 2005, commemorating the 60th anniversary of the end of the Great Patriotic War. Used as a place of prayer. Property of the Russian Orthodox Church.	Uncertain	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 16	Modern	Sacred tree, Sukko/Anapa road. Tree located west of the road between Sukko and Anapa. Blackthorn (<i>Prunus spinoza</i>). Prayer ribbons and cloth rags are suspended from its branches.	Uncertain	
RU- TCH- 17	Uncertain date	'Walls of the Sea', west of Supsekh. A series of mortared sandstone walls of uncertain date and function at the base of a cliff.	Uncertain	

Site No.	Date	Description	Designation	Image
RU- TCH- 18	Middle Ages	Varvarovka settlement. Area 2ha (200x100 m). Vineyard. Identified by employees of LLC "South-Russian Centre archaeological research AV Shishlova and AM Novichikhina. Card number 23134020032r.	State protection (Krasnodar Region)	

Complete.